

complexities of our relationship with fish and wildlife, and with our broader natural heritage.

It is the real human sacrifice of people like Mollie, working day in and day out with honesty, integrity, intelligence, and sensitivity, that spares us the crisis of mismanagement and neglect that all too often has avoidable, irreversible consequences. Much of the peace and abundant life we enjoy as Americans is founded on such devotion.

On Monday of this week my good friend, Senator STEVENS, honored a last request of Mollie's by introducing a bill to name 8 million acres of the 19 million acre Arctic National Wildlife Refuge as the Mollie Beattie Wilderness Area. Senator STEVENS is to be commended for such a decent and honorable act, and I am pleased to offer my support.

I understand Mollie had a special connection with this part of the Brooks Range after visiting it a few years ago, and that she wished to have her ashes spread there. Of all the many special natural areas in this Nation Mollie visited, this pristine landscape on the North Slope of Alaska must have made the greatest impression on her.

It is no secret that other parts of this refuge have been the source of discord in the Senate. But I think it is entirely fitting that we might join hands to bless one special part of it in Mollie's name. By doing so, we can remember that this land was saved in peace and remembrance, and not in conflict.

Mollie will be missed, but not forgotten.

Mr. NICKLES. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the amendment be considered agreed to, the bill be deemed read the third time, passed, as amended, the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table, and that any statements relating to the bill be placed at the appropriate place in the RECORD.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The amendment (No. 4434) was agreed to.

The bill (S. 1899), as amended, was deemed read the third time, and passed, as follows:

S. 1899

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That section 702(3) of Public Law 96-487 is amended by striking "Arctic National Wildlife Refuge Wilderness" and inserting "Mollie Beattie Wilderness". The Secretary of the Interior is authorized to place a monument in honor of Mollie Beattie's contributions to fish, wildlife, and waterfowl conservation and management at a suitable location that he designates within the Mollie Beattie Wilderness.

#### HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES ADMINISTRATIVE REFORM TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS ACT

Mr. NICKLES. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to immediate consideration of Calendar order No. 441, H.R. 2739.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

A bill (H.R. 2739) to provide for a representational allowance for Members of the House of Representatives to make technical and conforming changes and sundry provisions of law in consequence of administrative reforms in the House of Representatives, and for other purposes.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the consideration of the bill?

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the bill.

Mr. NICKLES. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the committee amendments be agreed to, the bill be deemed read the third time, passed, and the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table, and that any statements relating to the bill be placed at the appropriate place in the RECORD.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The committee amendments were agreed to.

The bill (H.R. 2739), as amended, was deemed read the third time, and passed.

#### ORDER FOR STAR PRINT

Mr. NICKLES. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the report 104-80 to accompany S. 141 be star printed with the changes that I understand are at the desk.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

#### PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA TO ALLOW AN ELECTED LEGISLATURE

Mr. NICKLES. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the immediate consideration of Calendar Order No. 463, Senate Resolution 271.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

A resolution (S. Res. 271) expressing the sense of the Senate with respect to the international obligation of the People's Republic of China to allow an elected legislature in Hong Kong after June 30, 1996.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the immediate consideration of the resolution?

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the resolution.

Mr. NICKLES. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the resolution be agreed to, the preamble be agreed to, the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table, and that any statements relating to the resolution appear at the appropriate place in the RECORD.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The resolution (S. Res. 271) was agreed to.

The preamble was agreed to.

The resolution, with its preamble, is as follows:

S. RES. 271

Whereas under the Sino-British Joint Declaration on the Question of Hong Kong of

1984, the People's Republic of China will assume sovereignty over Hong Kong on July 1, 1997.

Whereas both the People's Republic of China and Great Britain committed themselves to the Joint Declaration's explicit provisions for Hong Kong's future;

Whereas the Joint Declaration is a binding international agreement registered at the United Nations that guarantees Hong Kong a "high degree of autonomy" except in defense and foreign affairs, an elected legislature, an executive accountable to the elected legislature, and an independent judiciary with final power of adjudication over Hong Kong law;

Whereas the United States-Hong Kong Policy Act of 1992 expresses the support of the United States Congress for full implementation of the Joint Declaration and declared that—

(1) the United States has a "strong interest in the continued vitality, prosperity, and stability of Hong Kong";

(2) "the human rights of the people of Hong Kong are of great importance to the United States and are directly relevant to United States interests in Hong Kong";

(3) "a fully successful transition in the exercise of sovereignty over Hong Kong must safeguard human rights in and of themselves"; and

(4) "human rights also serve as a basis for Hong Kong's continued economic prosperity";

Whereas on September 17, 1995, the Legislative Council was elected for a 4-year term expiring in 1999;

Whereas the election of Hong Kong's legislature is the cornerstone of the principle that the people of Hong Kong shall enjoy "one country, two systems" after the Government of the People's Republic of China assumes sovereignty over Hong Kong; and

Whereas the Government of the People's Republic of China and its appointed Preparatory Committee have announced their intention to abolish the elected Legislative Council and appoint a provisional legislature: Now, therefore, be it

*Resolved*, That (a) the Senate finds that—

(1) respect for Hong Kong's autonomy and preservation of its institutions will contribute to the stability and economic prosperity of the region; and

(2) the United States has an interest in compliance with treaty obligations.

(b) It is the sense of the Senate that—

(1) the People's Republic of China and the United Kingdom should uphold their international obligations specified in the Joint Declaration, including the commitment to an elected legislature in Hong Kong after June 30, 1997;

(2) the establishment of an appointed legislature would be a violation of the Joint Declaration, and the People's Republic of China should allow the Legislative Council elected in September 1995 to serve its full elected term; and

(3) the President and the Secretary of State should communicate to the People's Republic of China and to the Hong Kong government and Legislative Council the full support of the United States Government and the people of the United States for Hong Kong's autonomy and the interest of the United States in full compliance by both the People's Republic of China and Great Britain with the Joint Declaration as a matter of international law.

SEC. 2. As used in this resolution, the term "Joint Declaration" means the Joint Declaration of the Government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the Government of the People's Republic of China on the Question of Hong Kong, done at Beijing on December 19, 1984.

SEC. 3. The Secretary of State shall transmit a copy of this resolution to the President and the Secretary of State.